

Sample Questions for Internal Assessment

Institute of Distance and Open Learning, Gauhati University

Assamese:

- ইংৰাজৰ শাসনকালত কিমান চনৰ পৰা অসমীয়া ভাষা স্কুল-কাছাৰি আদিৰ পৰা বিতাৰিত হৈছিল ?
(A) ১৮২৬ খৃঃ (B) ১৮৪৬ খৃঃ
(C) ১৮৩৬ খৃঃ (D) ১৮৭৩ খৃঃ
- মহাপুৰুষ শংকৰদেৱে ছখন নাট ৰচনা কৰিছিল।
(i) পত্নীপ্ৰসাদ, (ii) কেলি গোপাল, (iii) কালীয়া দমন, (iv) ৰুক্মিণী হৰণ, (v) ৰামবিজয়
আৰু (vi) পাৰিজাত হৰণ।
—ৰচনাৰ সময় অনুসৰি নাটকেইখনৰ ক্ৰমটো হ'ল—
(A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi) (B) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (vi) (v)
(C) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (vi) (v) (D) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (vi) (v)
- কোনবিধ কবিতাত ১৪ আখৰ যুক্ত ১৪ পংক্তিত নিৰ্দিষ্ট নিয়মেৰে একোটি মাথোন অনুভূতি বা ভাৱ
প্ৰবাহ বিস্তাৰিত কৰা হয় ?
(A) এলেজি বা শোক গাথা (B) চনেট বা চতুৰ্দশপদী কবিতা
(C) ব্যঙ্গ কবিতা (D) প্ৰশস্তিসূচক কবিতা
- ক্লাচিকেল সাহিত্যৰ প্ৰৱক্তা নহয়। খালী ঠাই পূৰণ কৰক।
(A) প্লেটো (B) হোৰেচ
(C) কলৰিজ (D) মিল্টন
- 'অস্তি' শব্দক প্ৰতীক হিচাপে লৈ কালিদাসে কোনখন কাব্য ৰচনা কৰিছিল ?
(A) কুমাৰ সম্ভৱ (B) মেঘদূত
(C) ৰঘুবংশ (D) ঋতুসংহাৰ

Bengali:

- 'মেঘনাদবধ কাব্য'-এৰ মোট সৰ্গ কয়টি ?
(A) ১০ টি (B) ১২ টি
(C) ৪ টি (D) ৯ টি
- নূৰজাহান নাটকে ৰেবা চৰিত্ৰটি —
(A) ঐতিহাসিক (B) পৌৰাণিক
(C) কাল্পনিক (D) কিংবদন্তি

3. “আমরা দুঃখী — আমরা ভালোবাসি।” — উক্তিটি কে করেছে?
 (A) চঞ্চলকুমারী (B) নির্মলকুমারী
 (C) দরিয়া (D) মবারক
4. ‘সীতার বনবাস’— এর কোন্ অংশটিতে বাল্মীকির অনুসরণ রয়েছে?
 (A) প্রথম থেকে পঞ্চম পরিচ্ছেদ (B) তৃতীয় থেকে অষ্টম পরিচ্ছেদ
 (C) পঞ্চম থেকে ষষ্ঠ পরিচ্ছেদ (D) চতুর্থ থেকে সপ্তম পরিচ্ছেদ

English:

1. The palace at Versailles became the symbol of –
 a. Equality, fraternity, liberty b. Slavery
 b. Absolute monarchy d. Feudalism
2. Which of the following works marks the beginning of English Romantic movement?
 a. *Songs of Innocence and of Experience* b. “Ode to the Nightingale”
 c. *Biographia Literaria* d. *Lyrical ballads*
3. Kamala Das extensively wrote about
 a. Violence on nature b. Colonial experiences
 c. Progress of society d. Women struggling against domestic and sexual violence.
4. Manjula Padmanabhan’s *Lights Out* is based on
 a. An ancient Indian village b. a modern Indian suburban locality
 c. a modern Indian city d. a modern Indian village

Economics:

1. Which of the following definition of Present Value is correct?
 I. *The discounted value of the future sum of money is the present value*
 II. *The discounted value of the present sum of money is the present value*
- Select the correct answer from the given codes:
 a. Both I and II are true b. Neither I nor II is true
 c. Only I is true d. Only II is true
2. According to the new classical approach, supply depends on –
 a. Relative prices b. Quantities
 c. Qualities d. None of the above
3. Who forwarded the Inter-generation Equity Theory?
 a. David Ricardo b. A.C. Pigou
 c. R.A. Musgrave d. Prof. Buchanan
4. Which among the following comes under Capital Receipts?
 a. Provident Funds b. Special Assessment
 c. Export Duty d. Wealth Tax

Education:

1. Attitude may be learned from past experience.
 - a. Most Correct
 - b. Somewhat Correct
 - c. Not Correct at all
 - d. Neither Correct, nor incorrect
2. Mental Measurement is also known as:
 - a. Physical Measurement
 - b. Educational Measurement
 - c. Socio-Psychological Measurement
 - d. Geographical Measurement
3. Which of the following statement is correct?
 - a. Education is an art
 - b. Education is a science
 - c. It is neither an art nor science
 - d. To some extent it is an art to some extent it is science
4. Aims of education are determined by keeping in mind the good of the—
 - a. Individual
 - b. Society
 - c. The individual and the society both
 - d. neither the individual nor the society

Political Science:

1. Everyone has a vague notion of liberty of some kind and a desire for it, but among ten people using the word, perhaps no two will be able to say exactly what they mean, or, if they do say it, will agree with each other in their definition." Who said this?
 - a. G. D.H. Cole
 - b. Gilchrist
 - c. J. S. Mill
 - d. H. J. Laski
2. "Justice is the first virtue of social institutions, as truth is the system of thought" - who said this?
 - a. H. J. Laski
 - b. F. A. Hayek
 - c. John Rawls
 - d. None of the above
3. Who defined social research as systematized effort to gain new knowledge?
 - a. P. V. Young
 - b. Clifford Moody
 - c. Redman and Morey
 - d. None of the above
4. Traditional or classical approach to security is mainly concerned with
 - a. human security
 - b. job security
 - c. state security
 - d. economic security

Commerce:

1. The Govt Of India enacted the Competition Act in the year
 - a. 2002
 - b. 2001
 - c. 2010
 - d. 2011
2. A study of human behaviour in organizational settings is called
 - a. individual behaviour
 - b. organizational behavior
 - c. group behaviour
 - d. none of the above.

3. The concept of strategy was pioneered by who among the following?

a. Igor Ansoff

b. Henry Mintzberg

c. Michael Porter

d. Henry Foyal .

4. Which of the following does not constitute the three driving forces of today's companies (known as three c's)

a. customer

b. collaboration

c. competition

d. change